



Build for Mass: Program Development Briefing

For Policy Development and Deliberation Purposes Only

Addressing Two Problems through Loan Programs

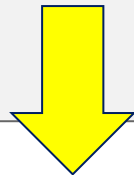


Problem #1	Program Response	Federal Connection	Key Features	Possible Examples
Community has a finance gap on a federally funded capital project (previously funded or viable federal applicant); it is unable to access needed funding through another state program.	General Loan Program 	- Federal discretionary grant - Federal formula funds - Congressionally Directed Spending (“CDS”)	- Low interest loan (2.0%-2.5%) 5-20-year loan terms - Priorities: Gateway Cities, rural communities, Healey-Driscoll policy goals	Quincy <i>Manet Ave. Seawall Project</i> \$5M need - Received FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation Funding Pittsfield <i>Downtown Renewal Project</i> \$5M need - Received FY24 USDOT Reconnecting Communities Grant

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Problem #2	Program Response	Federal Connection	Key Features	Possible Example
Communities have a timing problem and need up-front bridge loans to initiate a qualifying clean energy projects eligible for federal tax credits	Green Loan Program 	IRA's Direct Pay Tax Credit program (new rules expand eligibility for geothermal and battery storage projects)	- Low interest loan (2.00%-2.5%) 3-4-year loan terms - Loans capped at 30% of project cost - Eligible projects: Ground-sourced heat pumps ("GSHPs"); battery storage	Northampton <i>Forbes Library Ground-Source Heat Pump ("GSHP") Project</i> \$1.6M need Orleans <i>Net Zero Fire Station GSHP Project</i> \$1.6M need



OBBBA Update on Direct Pay:

The investment tax credit eligibility period for investments in geothermal or battery storage projects **expanded** under OBBBA

- Projects that begin construction by 12/31/33 are eligible for the full tax credit
- Projects that begin construction between 2034 and 2035 will receive reduced credit values

Source: National League of Cities



Questions?